ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

In accordance with the present invention, there are provided novel receptor proteins characterized by having the following domains, reading from the N-terminal end of said protein:

an extracellular, ligand-binding domain,
 a hydrophobic, trans-membrane domain, and
 an intracellular, receptor domain having serine
kinase-like activity.

The invention receptors optionally further comprise a 10 second hydrophobic domain at the amino terminus thereof. The invention receptor proteins are further characterized by having sufficient binding affinity for at least one member of the activin/TGF- β superfamily of polypeptide growth factors such that concentrations of ≤ 10 nM of said 15 polypeptide growth factor occupy ≥ 50% of the binding sites of said receptor protein. A presently preferred member of the invention superfamily of receptors binds specifically to activins, in preference to inhibins, transforming growth 20 factor- β , and other non-activin-like proteins. sequences encoding such receptors, assays employing same, well as antibodies derived therefrom, are also disclosed.